

¿ a G ¶ ï ù J ¶ æ D A š g % \$ | H è | μ Ö " ' | á D  
¿ a ] \ ± a t S Z " 4 J 0 Ñ å ¿ « μ w í ü Í › Q  
O ~ y [ î ~ - ú É y ° ~ { y « E ~ b > y Ò Ë ~ › a y ¿ ~ G y 1 %

¿ a G ¶ ï ù J ¶ æ  
¿ a G ¶ G ¶ Æ \ ú M J ¶ Z € J

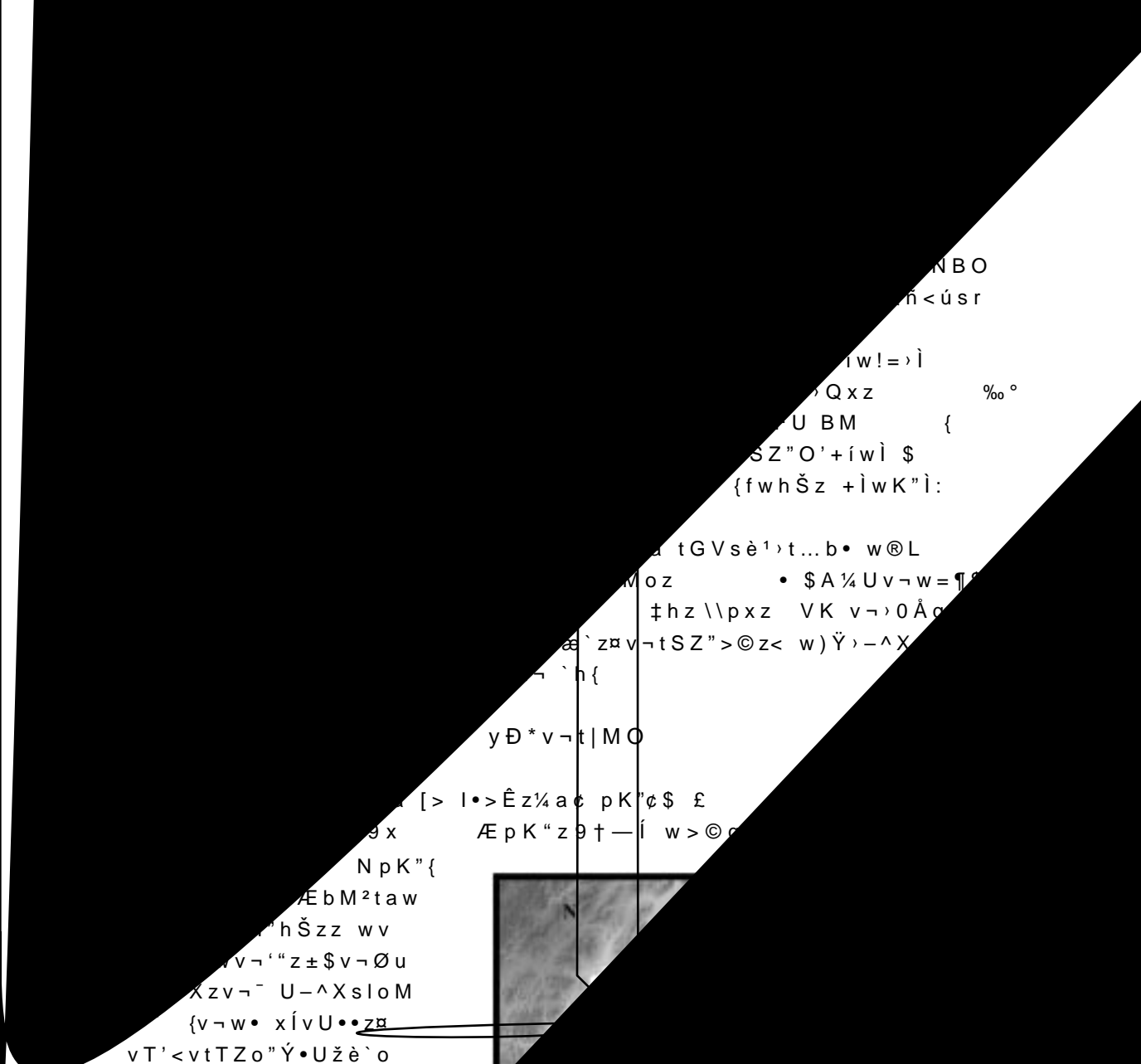
## Spatial distribution of SiO<sub>2</sub> flux in Ikuchijima Island, Hiroshima Prefecture.

Toyomitsu SHIGE-EDA, Shin-ichi ONODERA, Mitsuyo SAITO\*, Koji YOSHIDA\*\*,  
Tsutomu TAKEI\*\*, Takaki MINE\*

\* Faculty of Integrated Arts and Sciences, Hiroshima University

\*\* Graduate School of Biosphere Sciences, Hiroshima University

Abstract : To clarify topographic effects on dissolved SiO



NBO

ñ<úsr

iw!=>ì

Qxz

%o°

U BM

{

SZ"O'+íwì \$

{fwhŠz +ìwK"ì:

tGVsè¹>t...b• w@L

Moz

• \$A¼Uv~w=¶

‡hz \\pxz VK v~>0Åq

æ`zav~tSZ">©z< w)ÿ>~^X

h{

yÐ\*v~t|MO

[> l•>Êz¼ac pK"ç\$ £

9x

ÆpK"z9†—í w>©

NpK"{

ÆbM²taw

hŠzz wv

v~"z±\$v~Øu

Xzv~ U~^XsloM

{v~w• xívU•z

vT'<vtTZo"Ý•Užè`o

^'•z"Ý•üØ>útl% U

üí`oM"{‡hzi•°~xV

K U¿Xüí`oS"zav~w,

k•íxq<tVK pK"{VK

xz q`otó>xaŠqb"Ž

w- Ž íút"İR^•zx

íú>„qøer ‡sM

yq•Ð\*xz \±

v~ \$ pæ

x LN T

v~tS7

~7&

•



ー ŌSzvーB+S) Ōb{µvーw・ ØCxz w: <・\$ >; Mo{Šh{\lpz  
 v<'mxvーwO±T'vーw7ô<sup>a</sup>ô<sup>t</sup>2Tlowi'mw\q) Ōb{ lizxvーw7ô<sup>a</sup>  
 ô)v<'mpt'`o{Šh<wpz fwvーwvー É<sup>-</sup> wG→ Ō'h<wpK" { ‡hz v  
 ー ŌSxvー Ý) ーb<sup>a</sup>q`oz Š` ;Mh{ \xvーØu)v<'mwĒĐp'`h  
 <q`o [ `z o・v<'mph" wvーiwzp) <sup>TM</sup> ーb" { fwhŠz \w<U-^M,,rv  
 ーw ÝUIXs" Ä) Ōb{O'B+Sxz-íi\$B+>Qw!<sup>a</sup>q`oz Š`-; `h{\

Tô907p・@7@ (x z p= UÀ9ã6-9 @Qµã4057A P7 €B66P7 (Mzlvã336E Ō0) @ã7 p p= €B6E •IT0XÄ0Y ctD9,,0Y cív O \$ 5U vーB

ー yµvーtSZ"・ ØC vーØuzv<'mzvー7ô<sup>a</sup>ô<sup>t</sup>lizz" Ý・ ー z•• ー z" Ý  
 ・Øuz" Ý・Øupzvー ŌSzo'B+S

Sampling point	Catchment area(ha)	Longitudinal distance(km)	Catchment altitude(km)	Streambed gradient	Alluvial fan gradient	Mountain land gradient	Alluvial fan area(ha)	Alluvial fan ratio	Prolate degree of catchment	Water convergence degree of catchment
IK1	247.84	3.15	0.40	0.13	0.04	0.24	71.00	0.29	0.25	1.97
IK2	245.00	3.20	0.40	0.13	0.05	0.38	75.42	0.31	0.24	1.91
IK3	54.60	142.	0.22	0.15	0.06	0.44	29.30	0.54	0.27	1.75
IK4	28.08	1.53	0.28	0.18	0.04	0.29	14.02	0.50	0.12	0.66
IK5	266.00	2.75	0.41	0.15	0.06	0.38	98.18	0.37	0.35	2.38
IK6	30.95	1.28	0.22	0.17	0.09	0.46	7.48	0.24	0.19	1.10
IK7	33.06	1.30	0.35	0.27	0.09	0.58	8.39	0.25	0.20	0.73
IK8	44.72	1.34	0.41	0.30	0.12	0.58	20.71	0.46	0.25	0.82
IK9	108.50	1.98	0.37	0.19	0.09	0.61	40.10	0.37	0.28	1.48
IK10	39.68	1.38	0.37	0.27	0.12	0.51	23.57	0.59	0.21	0.78
IK11	39.68	1.65	0.39	0.24	0.09	0.55	22.08	0.56	0.15	0.62
IK12	20.03	1.14	0.17	0.15	0.09	0.44	16.33	0.82	0.15	1.03
IK13	52.27	1.31	0.45	0.34	0.19	0.56	18.13	0.35	0.30	0.90
IK14	77.22	1.89	0.45	0.24	0.14	0.38	17.18	0.22	0.22	0.92
IK15	45.33	1.23	0.10	0.08	0.03	0.28	17.31	0.38	0.30	3.70

Catchment area 流域面積

Catchment altitude 流域最高標高

Alluvial fan gradient 扇状地勾配

Alluvial fan area 扇状地面積

Prolate degree of catchment 流域偏長度\*\*\*

Longitudinal distance 流下距離\*

Streambed gradient 起伏比\*\*

Mountain land gradient 山地勾配

Alluvial fan ratio 扇状地面積率

Water convergence degree of catchment 流域集水度\*\*\*\*

\*: 流域の河口から最高標高に向かったの谷距離

\*\* : 流域の平均勾配

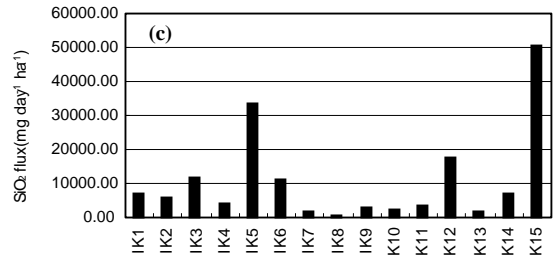
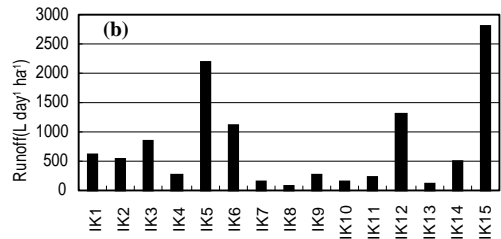
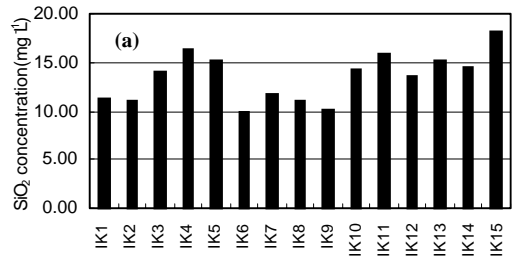
\*\*\* : 流域形状を表わす指標として提案し用いた

\*\*\*\* : 三次元的集水特性の指標として提案し用いた

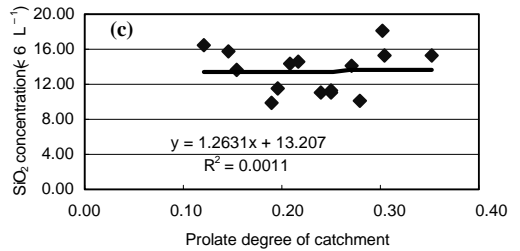
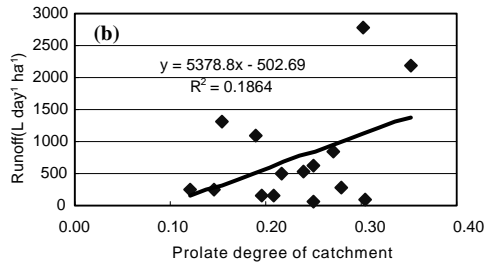
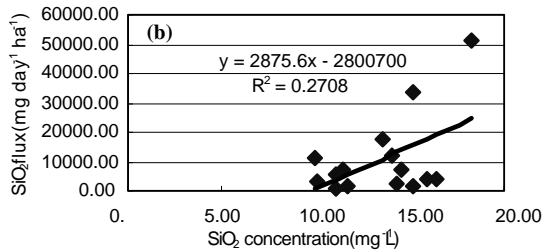
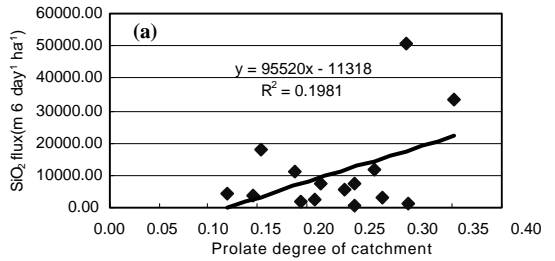
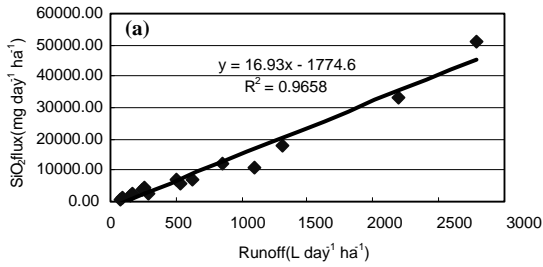
&\$ z+9> `h{>+`h±ïÓçxîgètËjTQ“z N ÝïÒèìÑÿç»”  
 pªa`hwjz\*\$1 C «üs÷»);Mo4JñS> `h{‡hz4J0 tx{ Ý4J0 q9  
 4J0qU Ob”Uzªa™w¼‰o);MoM”\qT’\p ”`h4JñSx,,...9 6pK  
 ”q> `h{bs~jz=¶\$é=^;wMt9Z`h4J0 pK”qBQ’•”{\whŠzŽ  
 <Šæªpxz4J0 ›9 4J0 q`o{O‘wqb”{

™}ALqβo

™ – –O’v~w4J0ñSt|Ñâ¿«μw!^  
 yªv~tSZ”O’+w4J0



- § B ªv~tSZ”O’+w4J0 ñS
- C ªv~tSZ”o•v~Øuph“wO’v”
- D ªv~tSZ”o•v~Øuph“w4J0 Ñ
- â¿«μ

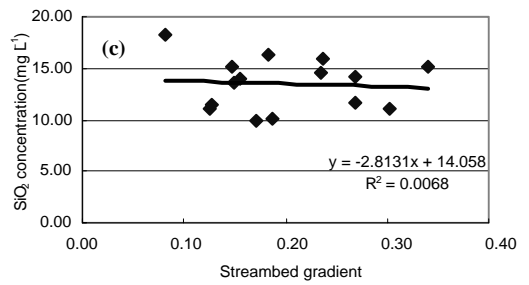
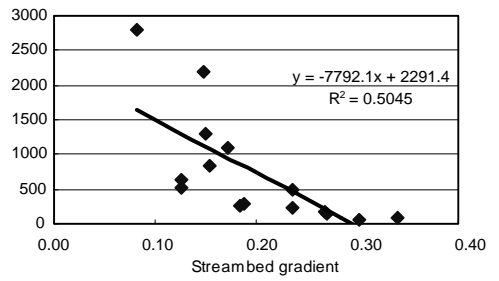
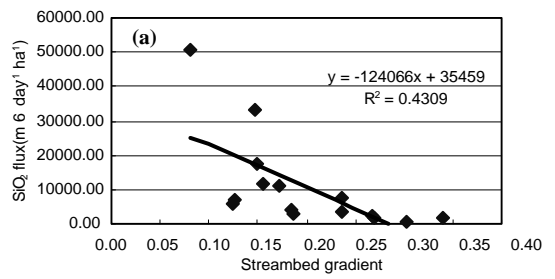


SiO<sub>2</sub> flux (mg day<sup>-1</sup> ha<sup>-1</sup>)  
Runoff (L day<sup>-1</sup> ha<sup>-1</sup>)  
SiO<sub>2</sub> concentration (mg L<sup>-1</sup>)  
Prolate degree of catchment

Runoff (L day<sup>-1</sup> ha<sup>-1</sup>)  
Prolate degree of catchment

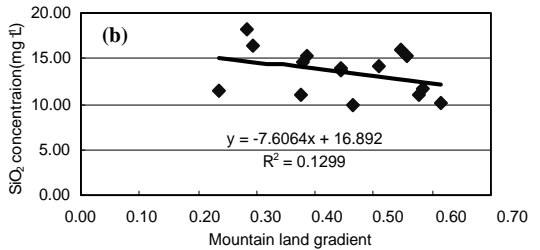
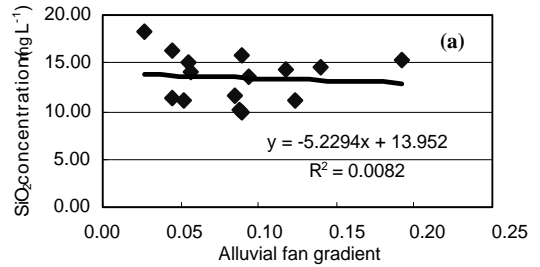
SiO<sub>2</sub> concentration (mg L<sup>-1</sup>)  
Prolate degree of catchment

SiO<sub>2</sub> flux (mg day<sup>-1</sup> ha<sup>-1</sup>)  
Runoff (L day<sup>-1</sup> ha<sup>-1</sup>)  
SiO<sub>2</sub> concentration (mg L<sup>-1</sup>)  
Prolate degree of catchment

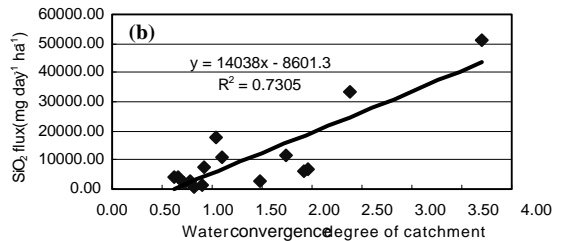
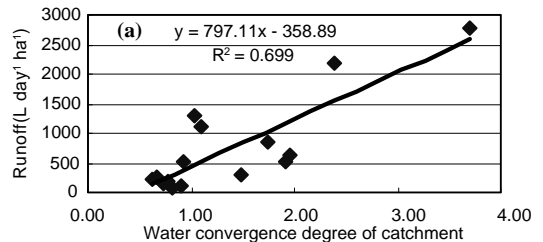


Sw Rtxz v-• - t'" +µ tw€  
 îl iZpsXz µv-wTÚw°^t'" €  
 îl zÚÆ^zL% tSZ"a, wè's  
 rµv-w• ØCT'px~'•sM 7sA  
 ¼Uóvt )`oM"qßQ'•h{ Žíw\  
 qT'zliZp~^•"v-w É- xz  
 v-°pw•<+vZ"wl!aqs"z - Ux  
 ts"„rO'v"xÿ<`z ALq`oo•v  
 -Øuph"w 4J0 Ñâž «µ<-^XsIh  
 \qU-ÝpVh{°Mzv-w=¶\$é=^;  
 w§S>ÔbO'+w4J0 ñSxz v-w• -  
 iZpxsXz 7sA¼t'"óvt )`  
 > ^•" \qUÔ&^•h{

TM O'v-w4J0Ñâž «µq~Íi\$•  
 A¼qw yy  
 y²...pxzµv-tSZ" ØÉÍi• ›  
 Qz• - ›Qqv-tSZ"4J0 Ñâž «µ  
 qw tmMoz ÉÍi\$A¼t'"/)^•  
 "O'v"t§Xè'›!Z" \qU-Ý^•  
 h{f\pz ...pxµv-tSZ"~Íi•  
 ›QUv-tSZ"o•v-Øuph"w 4J0  
 Ñâž «µtt...bè'tmMo^æb"{ \\  
 pxz~Íi\$B+›Qw!ªq`ozO'B+  
 S› Š-;`h{ÉÍi• ›Qpxzli  
 zU-^Xs"„rO'•w•<+vZ"UÿC  
 b" {bs~jzO'wB+SUÿCb" \qt  
 s" { 'loz B+Sxlizwo:tz«b" {  
 ‡hz ØÉÍi\$›ÃpK"v-wv- ŐS  
 UGVXs"qv-wv<'mt0b"i wzp  
 ‹GVXs"hŠO'âUCa`z B+SÿC  
 b" \qts" { \w!ª)v-wlizwo:  
 qv- ŐSwup [ `h{ \$ B Ctf•g•  
 O'B+Sqo•v-Øukh"wO'v"z o  
 •v-Øuph"w 4J0 Ñâž «µqw ›  
 Ôb{ \$ BT'O'B+Sqo•v-Øuph  
 "wO'v"qw txìŽsì U''•  
 "{‡hz\wì xz\$ Cz\$ BzCt  
 SZ"µÉÍi\$• A¼qo•v-Øuph"  
 wO'v"qw " «ì-pK" { \w\q  
 T'z v-w•<+x~Íi\$B+›QUGVm



§ B "Ý•- qO'+w 4J0 ñSqw  
 C ••- qO'+w 4J0 ñSqw



§ B O'B+Sqo•v-Øuph"wO'v"  
 qw  
 C O'B+Sqo•v-Øuph"w 4J0 Ñ  
 âž «µqw

v-tSMoz“O'tvZb"lqU~T"{^'tz\$ CT'O'B+SUGVMv~„r  
 o•v-Øuph“w4J0 Ñâ¿«µUGVXzO'B+SU-^Mv~„ro•v-Øuph“  
 w4J0Ñâ¿«µU-^Xs”qMOi U^'•”{\w\qxzv~w~íi\$B+}Q  
 UGVMqzfvv~wO'v”UÿC`z=¶\$é=^;w§SUGVXs”lq>Ôb{†hz  
 \wi xO'v”q%7tz ¶Éí• A¼qw ‘“l~pK”{ sSz O'B+S  
 qO'+w4J0 ñSqw txì x^'•sM\qT'z\w!ªx:yì }†ìb”<wp  
 xsMqßQ'•”{

š †qŠ

yŠZ€pxz l•°, •~wVK ••~v-tSMoz v~w=¶\$é=^;tt... b•  
 wè¹>ì'Ttb”lq>è\$g`h{\lpxz w~v~pO'+w>+t|v” z>  
 `h+¼%w9 4J0 ñS> ”`h{fwALŽ<w\qUì'Ttslh{  
 £y>9zñ+”srw>©ÚEzS' |< U%apK”~v-tSMoxzo•v-Øuph  
 “w4J0Ñâ¿«µqzo•v-Øuph“wO'v”qw tìŽsì U^'•h\  
 qT'z o•v-Øuph“wO'v”xz v~wo•v-Øuph“w4J0 Ñâ¿«µt<l  
 q{§Xè¹>)Q”qßQ'•”{  
 £yv-Øuz”Ý•Øuzv~ ÝtE^-^•” ØÉíi\$S)Qxzoz•v-Øuph“w  
 4J0Ñâ¿«µqw tì U^'•sTlh\qT'z=¶\$é=^;w§StxÚ€\$t  
 xè¹>)QoMsMqßQ'•”{  
 £yv~¶.w É\$S~ }Ôblizxz O'•w•<+vZw!ªqs“O”Uz :yì z  
 bs~jzO'+w4J0 ñSw!ªqxs“QsM{\•xzv~tSZ”O'+w4J0 ñS  
 U7\$S A¼t'> ^•oM”lq>Ô&b”{ fwhŠz B...!=t”O'+w4J0  
 ñSw!^<ß€tM•”žAUK”{  
 £y=¶\$é=^;t7<è¹>)QO”o•v-Øuph“wO'v”xzlìzqwo:qv  
 ~ ÕSwup~^•”v~ 6tSZ”~íi\$B+}Qq7<l~sì }Ô`h{  
 yyyyyy

yÙ

yŠZ€>æOtKh“z >+zv” z q•Ð\*t] —MhiMh¶\i6€C t Xò  
 •`†b{ sSz ŠZ€x æJ¶²J¶Z€...,k” E^- ñ,Y }-;`oælhZ€w°æ  
 pK”{

¾; Y

ñ, Y ••v~w+ •í ¥qúíe ••íUù%³iÙ´çÜ

Hans, J. (1941) Factors of Soil Formation, McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York, 281pp.

Hewlett, J. D. (1964) Principles of Forest Hydrology. The University of Georgia Press Athens, Georgia 30602.

•«í è9~G>y<w ŽQ9÷ªtSZ”§æÕtw9r S ••íUù%³iÙ

´çÜ

°sm² - Ž wé=qfw\Rú Tw=¶ . Bâ=¶i† /P



“ + ¶ xμ•g¶è2 GîŠ Q Q

Likens, G. E. and Bormman, F. H. (1995) Biogeochemistry of a Forested Ecosystem (Springer-Verlag, New York, 159p.

Moldan, B. and Cerny, J. (1994) Biogeochemistry in small catchments. John Wiley & Sons, Chichester. 419pp.

{y « E~–úÉy °~)ªyč~b+yÚí ¢ £ l•°, –O'tSZ"ªŽQ

É ŮY"μL% Øu~w'~"Ý•w@Lμ|č aG¶ĩùJ¶æDAšyH è

Semkin, R. G. et al., (1994) Hydrochemical Methods and Relationships for Study of Stream Output From Small Catchment. Biogeochemistry of Small Catchments Chapter 7. John Wiley & Sons, 163-187.

White, A. F. (1995) Chemical weathering rates of silicate minerals, Reviews in Mineralogy, 31, 407-461.